EVART PUBLIC SCHOOLS

EVART, MICHIGAN

JUNE 30, 2022



$\frac{\text{EVART PUBLIC SCHOOLS}}{\text{EVART, MICHIGAN}}$

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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August 3, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Evart Public Schools Evart, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evart Public Schools, Evart, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evart Public Schools, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Evart Public Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Evart Public Schools' ability to

continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Evart Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, on pages iv-x and 11-35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of

management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Evart Public Schools basic financial statements. The accompanying nonmajor combining fund financial statements is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the financial statements of nonmajor combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the bond schedules, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 3, 2022, on our consideration of Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotter & Bishop, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

This section of Evart Public Schools' ("the District") annual report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Evart Public Schools' financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

A. Financial Highlights Section

Government-Wide

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,276,761 creating a deficit net position amount. Of this amount net capital assets net of related debt was a positive \$6,059,742.
- The government's total net deficit decreased by \$1,252,263.

Fund Level

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,039,773, a decrease of \$48,842 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,280,136.

B. Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District's overall financial status. These statements are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as described in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The district-wide financial statements are compiled using full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "Governmental Activities". These activities, including regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, athletic activities, and community services, are primarily financed with state and federal aids and property taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "non-major" funds. Detailed financial information for non-major funds can be found in the combining and individual fund statements section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are for assets that belong to others, such as certain student activities funds where the District is the trustee or fiduciary. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The District maintains one type of fiduciary fund. The Custodial fund reports resources held by the District in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11-35 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

C. Summary of Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the net position at fiscal years ended June 30.

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 5,385,100	\$ 5,531,373
Non Current Assets		
Capital Assets	21,649,600	21,179,007
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(8,670,481)	(8,219,186)
Total Non Current Assets	12,979,119	12,959,821
Total Assets	18,364,219	18,491,194
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,064,982	5,468,838
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	1,637,827	1,726,858
Non Current Liabilities	20,547,325	27,675,732
Total Liabilities	22,185,152	29,402,590
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,520,810	3,086,466
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,059,742	5,770,201
Restricted for Debt Service	512,434	489,205
Unrestricted - (Deficit)	(13,848,937)	(14,788,430)
Total Net Position - (Deficit)	\$ (7,276,761)	\$ (8,529,024)

D. Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District's net position increased by \$1,252,263. Some of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year is discussed below:

1. Depreciation Expense

GASB 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation expense is calculated based on the original cost of the asset less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, \$479,429 was recorded for depreciation expense.

2. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, \$498,727 of expenditures were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District. These additions to the District's capital assets will be depreciated over time as explained above.

The net effect of the new capital assets, the current year's depreciation and current year disposal of capital assets is an increase to capital assets in the amount of \$19,298 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

3. State Sources

The majority of the state sources is comprised of the per student foundation allowance. The State of Michigan funds districts based on a blended student enrollment. For the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the District received \$8,700 per student.

4. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Expense

GASB 68 and 75 now requires the District to account for its payments to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System in a manner that has a significant effect on the District's change in net position. Based on various factors, the District may report an increase or decrease in net position depending on whether the District's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources increases or decreases in any given year. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported an increase of \$991,001 in net position related to GASB 68 and 75.

E. Results of Operations

The following schedule summarizes the results of operations, on a district-wide basis, for the fiscal year ended June 30.

	2022	2021
General Revenues	 	
Property Taxes	\$ 2,593,648	\$ 2,582,438
Investment Earnings	130	1,859
State Sources	5,440,109	5,171,987
Other	 22,164	 19,534
Total General Revenues	8,056,051	7,775,818
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	83,391	55,003
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,629,807	3,610,452
Capital Grants and Contributions	379,984	0
Total Program Revenues	5,093,182	3,665,455
Total Revenues	 13,149,233	 11,441,273

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021
Expenses		
Instruction	6,348,275	6,126,956
Supporting Services	4,120,699	4,257,761
Food Service Activities	713,445	762,308
Community Services	1,499	7,039
Facilities, Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements	0	676
Interest on Long-Term Debt	232,757	242,024
Other Transactions	866	1,288
Unallocated Depreciation	479,429	464,328
Total Expenses	11,896,970	11,862,380
Change in Net Position	1,252,263	(421,107)
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(8,529,024)	(8,107,917)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (7,276,761)	\$ (8,529,024)

F. Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. The following table shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

	2022	2021	Increase Decrease)
Major Fund			
General Fund	\$ 3,242,370	\$ 3,008,220	\$ 234,150
2016 Debt Retirement Fund	554,934	533,305	21,629
Nonmajor Funds			
Food Service Fund	73,217	367,222	(294,005)
Student Activities Fund	169,252	179,868	(10,616)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,039,773	\$ 4,088,615	\$ (48,842)

In 2021-2022, the General Fund balance increased due to keeping expenditures under the budgeted amounts as well as increases to federal funding, as a direct result of the pandemic.

The Food Service Fund balance decreased primarily due to the District remodeling the kitchen and purchasing equipment in an effort to reduce fund balance below the maximum threshold.

The Student Activities Fund balance decreased by \$10,616 which is mainly due to various clubs and organizations having more expenditures than revenues due to the fact they can now take more trips than they could in the past year due to the pandemic.

The 2016 Debt Retirement Fund increased its fund balance due to local and state revenues exceeding the principal and interest payments made to meet the ongoing debt obligations of the fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

G. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on July 1. The Board prior to the close of the fiscal year must approve any amendments made to the operating budget on or before June 30.

For the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the District amended the General Fund budget as needed during the year. The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended general fund budget, and actual totals from operations:

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		 FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	8,811,231	\$ 13,975,659		\$ 11,819,630
EXPENDITURES Instruction Supporting Services Community Services	\$	6,688,852 4,104,512 0	\$ 7,568,871 6,565,975 2,751		\$ 6,584,272 5,034,709 1,499
Total Expenditures	\$	10,793,364	\$ 14,137,597		\$ 11,620,480

The revenue budget was amended as it became clearer on the amounts the District would receive for State and Federal funding, as well as funding from the Intermediate School District. The expenditures were amended because many of the expenditures are revenue driven and once the revenue picture became clearer, the District was able to allocate additional funds for expenditures it hadn't allocated for in its original budget.

The total revenues variance between final budget and actual was \$2,156,029. The revenue variance was caused mostly by the District budgeting for federal funding that was not made available until the 22-23 fiscal year. The total expenditures variance was \$2,517,117. The expenditure variance was caused by the District budgeting with caution to avoid exceeding the budget and budgeting for expenditures that would have been tied to the federal funding expected to be available prior to the end of the fiscal year.

H. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

1. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District has \$21,649,600 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings and facilities, school buses and other vehicles, and various types of equipment. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$479,429 bringing the accumulated depreciation to \$8,670,481 as of June 30, 2022.

Major capital asset additions to the current fiscal year include:

- Building improvements in the amount of \$75,923.
- Ventilators in the amount of \$56,483.
- Vape detection devices in the amount of \$41,518.
- Ridge fold gym divider in the amount of \$25,870.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- Salt spreader in the amount of \$8,300.
- Land improvements in the amount of \$23,705.
- Kitchen remodel for food service in the amount of \$236,231.
- Water heater in the amount of \$17,800.
- Three door refrigerator in the amount of \$12,897.

In addition to purchasing the above assets, the District has committed to spend roughly \$250,000 for track resurfacing and \$337,850 for high school building reroofing that will be added to capital assets in the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

Major capital asset deletions to the current fiscal year include:

- Vehicle with a historical cost of \$6,000 that was fully depreciated.
- Equipment with a historical cost of \$22,134 that was fully depreciated.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to this report.

2. Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$6,375,000 in bonded debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of \$240,000 from the amount outstanding at the close of the prior fiscal year. Additionally, the liability for compensated absences, the net OPEB liability and the net pension liability are \$114,124, \$867,012, and \$12,896,812, respectively. More information on the long-term obligations of the District can be found in the footnotes of this report.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District continues to work hard to keep expenditures down and to maintain revenue levels that are within their control. The District will be receiving ESSER II and ESSER III funds that will benefit the District for the next 2-3 years. The District is committed to spending those funds on things that will benefit staff and students while at the same time not creating ongoing future expenses that the District won't be able to sustain once those funds are no longer available.
- As with other employers, the District continues to face increases in rates paid for employee benefits, particularly health insurance and retirement.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact Evart Public Schools, 321 North Hemlock, P.O. Box 917, Evart, Michigan 49631.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,875,151
Due from Other Governmental Units	1,493,772
Prepaid Expenses	4,950
Inventory	11,227
Total Current Assets	5,385,100
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Capital Assets	21,649,600
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(8,670,481)
Total Non Current Assets	12,979,119
TOTAL ASSETS	18,364,219
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	3,608,690
Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	1,456,292
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,064,982
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	16,534
Accrued Expenses	306,515
Accrued Interest Payable	42,500
Salaries Payable	567,828
Due to Other Governmental Units	378,975
Unearned Revenue	75,475
Bond Payable - Due within One Year	250,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,637,827

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Bonds Payable (Net of Current Portion)	6,669,377
Net Pension Liability	12,896,812
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	867,012
Compensated Absences	114,124
Total Non Current Liabilities	20,547,325
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,185,152
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	5,235,453
Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	3,285,357
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,520,810
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,059,742
Restricted for Debt Service	512,434
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(13,848,937)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (7,276,761)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENTAL

					ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES NET (EXPENSES)	1 L
			PROGRAM REVENUES	ENUES	REVENUES AND	
FIINCTIONS/PROGRAMS	HXPFNSFS.	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBITIONS	CHANGE IN	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	TXX TXXT				NOTIFICATION TON	1
Instruction	\$ 6,348,275	0 \$	\$ 2,220,829	0 \$	\$ (4,127,446)	
Supporting Services	4,120,699	50,675	1,926,422	73,383	(2,070,219)	
Food Service Activities	713,445	32,716	481,057	306,601	106,929	
Community Services	1,499	0	1,499	0	0	
Facilities, Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements	0	0	0	0	0	
Interest on Long Term Debt	232,757	0	0	0	(232,757)	
Other Transactions	998	0	0	0	(998)	
Unallocated Depreciation	479,429	0	0	0	(479,429)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$11,896,970	\$ 83,391	\$ 4,629,807	\$ 379,984	(6,803,788)	ا ر
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property Taxes - General Purposes					2,088,275	
Property Taxes - Debt Service					505,373	
Investment Earnings					130	
State Sources					5,440,109	
Other					22,164	
Total General Revenues					8,056,051	1 1
Change in Net Position					1,252,263	
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year - Deficit					(8,529,024)	
NET POSITION - End of Year - Deficit					\$ (7,276,761)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

	G	ENERAL FUND	RE	2016 DEBT TIREMENT FUND	OTHER NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,099,326	\$	546,651	\$ 229,174	\$	3,875,151
Due from Other Funds		1 494 212		8,283	0.500		8,283
Due from Other Governmental Units		1,484,212		0	9,560		1,493,772
Prepaid Expenditures		0		0	4,950 11,227		4,950 11,227
Inventory		0		0	11,227		11,227
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,583,538	\$	554,934	\$ 254,911	\$	5,393,383
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts Payable	\$	13,590	\$	0	\$ 2,944	\$	16,534
Accrued Expenditures		297,017		0	9,498		306,515
Salaries Payable		567,828		0	0		567,828
Due to Other Funds		8,283		0	0		8,283
Due to Other Governmental Units		378,975		0	0		378,975
Unearned Revenue		75,475		0	0		75,475
Total Liabilities		1,341,168		0	12,442		1,353,610
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable for:							
Prepaid Expenditures		0		0	4,950		4,950
Inventory		0		0	11,227		11,227
Restricted for:							
Food Service		0		0	61,990		61,990
Debt Service		0		554,934	0		554,934
Assigned for:							
Student Activities		0		0	164,302		164,302
Subsequent Year Budget Shortfall		1,962,234		0	0		1,962,234
Unassigned		1,280,136		0	0		1,280,136
Total Fund Balance		3,242,370		554,934	242,469		4,039,773
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCE	\$	4,583,538	\$	554,934	\$ 254,911	\$	5,393,383

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 4,039,773
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		
The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 21,649,600 (8,670,481)	12,979,119
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to funds, while the repayment of the principle of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities over the life of the bond issue.		
Bond Discount (Premium) Accumulated Amortization	 (735,644) 191,267	(544,377)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds Payable Compensated Absences		(6,375,000) (114,124)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in government funds, it is recorded when paid.		(42,500)
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		(12,896,812) (867,012)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflow of Resources Deferred Inflow of Resources		 5,064,982 (8,520,810)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (7,276,761)

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2016		OTHER		
			DEBT		NONMAJOR		TOTAL
	GENERAL	RE		GOV		GO	VERNMENTAL
	FUND		FUND		FUNDS		FUNDS
REVENUES	Ф 2 20 4 02 7	Ф	505 500	Ф	252 450	Φ.	2 0 62 000
Local Sources	\$ 2,204,027	\$	505,503	\$	252,479	\$	2,962,009
State Sources	7,546,469		21,592		68,706		7,636,767
Federal Sources	1,865,407		0		697,786		2,563,193
Other Transactions	203,727		0		0		203,727
Total Revenues	11,819,630		527,095		1,018,971		13,365,696
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Instruction							
Basic Programs	5,589,507		0		0		5,589,507
Added Needs	994,765		0		0		994,765
Supporting Services							
Pupil	818,916		0		0		818,916
Instructional Staff	313,766		0		0		313,766
General Administration	106,285		0		0		106,285
School Administration	584,917		0		0		584,917
Business	223,665		0		0		223,665
Operation and Maintenance	1,853,821		0		0		1,853,821
Pupil Transportation Services	584,657		0		0		584,657
Central Services	269,677		0		0		269,677
Other Support Services	279,005		0		230,379		509,384
Food Service Activities	0		0		1,058,213		1,058,213
Community Services							
Community Activities	1,499		0		0		1,499
Debt Service							
Principal	0		240,000		0		240,000
Interest	0		264,600		0		264,600
Other	0		866		0		866
Total Expenditures	11,620,480		505,466		1,288,592		13,414,538
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	100 150		21 (20		(2(0,(21)		(40.042)
Over Expenditures	199,150		21,629		(269,621)		(48,842)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	35,000		0		0		35,000
Transfers Out	0		0		(35,000)		(35,000)
Total Other Financina Covers (Uses)	25,000		0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· .
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,000		0		(35,000)		0
Net Change in Fund Balance	234,150		21,629		(304,621)		(48,842)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	3,008,220		533,305		547,090		4,088,615
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> - End of Year	\$ 3,242,370	\$	554,934	\$	242,469	\$	4,039,773

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ (48,842)
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.	
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay	(479,429) 498,727
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities over the life of the bond issue.	
Amortization of Bond Premium	30,243
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid:	
Accrued Interest Payable - Beginning of Year Accrued Interest Payable - End of Year	44,100 (42,500)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.	
Repayment of Bond Principal	240,000
Employees Compensated Absences and Early Retirement Incentives are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:	
Compensated Absences - Beginning of Year	133,087

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(114,124)

Compensated Absences - End of Year

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental funds report district pension and other postemployment benefits contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and other postemployment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an expense:

Items related to Pensions	341,066
Items related to Other Postemployment Benefits	866,398

Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147 C pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date:

Change in State Aid Funding for Pension (216,463)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 1,252,263

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

	C	CUSTOD FUNI	
ASSETS Cash	\$		786
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	_		0
NET POSITION Restricted for Student Organizations	_\$,	786

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION}}{\text{FIDUCIARY FUND}}$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	TODIAL UND
ADDITIONS Student Activity Income	\$ 0
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u> Payments Made on Behalf of Student Organizations	 8,713
Change in Net Position	(8,713)
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	 9,499
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$ 786

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Evart Public Schools have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District ("the District") is located in Osceola, Mecosta, and Clare Counties with its administrative offices located in Evart, Michigan. The District operates under an elected 7-member board of education and provides services to its 880 students in elementary, middle school, high school, special education and adult education instruction, guidance, health, transportation, food service, athletics and recreation. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not have any business-type activities or component units.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The 2016 debt retirement fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of government funds.

Other <u>non-major</u> funds:

The *special revenue (School Food Service) fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted for expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its food service activities in a special revenue fund.

The *special revenue (Student Activities) fund* accounts for revenue sources that are assigned to expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its student activities in a special revenue fund.

Additionally, the District reports Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity as an agent or on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Fiduciary funds are not included in government wide statements.

The *Custodial Fund* consists of assets for the benefit of individuals and the District does not have administrative involvement with the assets or direct financial involvement with the assets. In addition, the assets are not derived from the District's provision of goods or services to those individuals. This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds for others in a custodial capacity (primarily student activities).

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities to the beneficiaries of a fiduciary activity. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) In June, the superintendent submits to the school board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted during June to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by the School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act. The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year, when necessary, to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financial sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated.
- d) The superintendent is charged with general supervision of the budgets and shall hold the department heads responsible for performance of their responsibilities.
- e) For purposes of meeting emergency needs of the school district, transfer of appropriations may be made by the authorization of the superintendent. Such transfers of appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education at its next regularly scheduled meeting.
- f) During the year the budgets are monitored and amendments to the budget resolution are made when it is deemed necessary.
- g) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted in June 2021, or as amended by the School Board of Education throughout the year.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments are carried at market value.

The District complies with State statutes regarding investment of funds.

The Board policy on investment of funds authorizes the District to invest as follows:

a) Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States, or obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

- b) Certificates of deposit issued by any state or national bank organized and authorized to operate in this state.
- c) Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d) Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States.

The District's deposits and investments are held separately by several of the District's funds. Some investments authorized by state law are shown as cash on the financial statements.

3. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost on a first-in/first-out method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

The nonspendable fund balance at the governmental fund level is equal to the amount of inventories and prepaid items at year end to indicate the portion of the governmental fund balances that are nonspendable.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Land and construction in progress, if any, are not depreciated. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Land Improvements20 yearsBuildings and Additions50 yearsMachinery and Equipment5-20 yearsTransportation Equipment8 years

The District's capitalization policy is to capitalize individual amounts exceeding \$5,000.

5. Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide *Statement of Net Position*. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expenses in the plan year for which they apply. Details can be found in footnote 3-E and 3-F.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. Details can be found in footnote 3-E and 3-F.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing board has by resolution authorized the superintendent to assign fund balance. The board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

10. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. The District has unearned revenue that is related to state and local grants/donations, with restrictions on how they can be spent, being received but as of the year end have not been spent.

11. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. State Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the foundation allowance was based on a three year blend to determine pupil membership based on counts taken in February 2019, October 2019, February of 2020, October of 2020, February 2021, and October 2021. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the per pupil foundation allowance was \$8,700 for Evart Public Schools.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-homestead property taxes, which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2021 to August 2022. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

2. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, state foundation aid, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenue but instead as *general revenues*.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are billed as of December 1. The due date is February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

The various counties in which the District is located have tax revolving funds which allow the counties to pay off the various taxing units for their share of the current year real property taxes returned delinquent. Taxes receivable are uncollected delinquent personal property taxes.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of taxable valuation:

Fund	Mills
General Fund - Non-Homestead Real	18.00
General Fund - Commercial PPT	6.00
Debt Service Fund - Homestead and Non-Homestead	2.00

4. Compensated Absences

District policy permits certain employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits which are paid when the employee separates from service with the District. A liability is recorded in the statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

of net position for such amounts. No liability is recorded for accumulated vacation since hours earned do not vest.

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related obligation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance was \$2,973,947 and \$2,723,947 of that amount was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2022, deposits of \$3,875,937 are reported on the financial statements as cash between governmental and fiduciary funds.

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSOs). Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Concentration of credit risk. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Foreign currency risk. The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk; therefore, it is not addressed in the investment policy.

Deposits referred to above have been reported under the cash caption on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2022:

	Go	overnmental	Fiduciary	Reporting
		Funds	Funds	Entity
Cash	\$	3,875,151	\$ 786	\$ 3,875,937

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor are as follows:

	GENERAL		FOO	D SERVICE	TOTAL
Due from Other Governmental Units	\$	1,484,212	\$	9,560 \$	1,493,772

Amounts due from other governments include amounts due from federal, state, and local sources for various projects and programs.

Because of the District's favorable collection experience, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:				_
Land	\$ 1,267,071	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,267,071
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				_
Land Improvements	530,845	23,705	0	554,550
Buildings and Additions	14,682,656	312,154	0	14,994,810
Machinery and Equipment	3,563,141	162,868	22,134	3,703,875
Transportation Equipment	1,135,294	0	6,000	1,129,294
Subtotal	19,911,936	498,727	28,134	20,382,529
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	42,760	26,542	0	69,302
Buildings and Additions	4,381,006	251,828	0	4,632,834
Machinery and Equipment	3,214,053	75,531	22,134	3,267,450
Transportation Equipment	581,367	125,528	6,000	700,895
Total Accumulated Depreciation	8,219,186	479,429	28,134	8,670,481
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	11,692,750	19,298	0	11,712,048
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,959,821	\$ 19,298	\$ 0	\$ 12,979,119

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$479,429. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

D. Defined Benefit Plan and Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www://michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investments Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System.

Benefit Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

Plan Name	Plan Type	Plan Status
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic plan member's contributions range from 0% to 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990 contribute at a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990 or later, including Pension Plus plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% to 7.0%.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

<u>Option 1</u> – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 — Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service their after would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> – Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 – Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 accounts. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> – Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closes the current hybrid plan (Pension Plus) to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and creates a new optional revised hybrid plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the new hybrid plan is 6%. Further, the law provides that, under certain conditions, the new hybrid plan would close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Benefits Provided – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, hearing, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Plus, plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> – A basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> – The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% to 7% for pension and 0% to 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree other post-employment benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, were determined as of the September 30, 2018, actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2018, are amortized over a 18-year period beginning October 1, 2020, and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Otner
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021	13.39% - 19.78%	7.57% - 8.45%
October 1, 2021 - September 30, 2022	13.73% - 20.14%	7.27% - 8.09%

Othor

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022, were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$2,010,200, with \$1,934,900 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022, were equal to the required contribution total. OPEB benefits were approximately \$450,000, with \$409,800 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

These amounts for both pension and OPEB, include contributions funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$12,896,812 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, the District's proportion was 0.05447344% and 0.05175449%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net Pension Liability

	September 30, 2021			September 30, 2020		
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	86,392,473,395 (62,717,060,920)	\$	85,290,583,799 (50,939,496,006)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	23,675,412,475	\$	34,351,087,793		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		72.60%		59.72%		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		261.68%		387.25%		

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized total pension expense of \$1,593,785.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	199,777	\$	75,947	
Changes of assumptions		812,969		0	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		0		4,146,283	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		742,463		113,408	
District section 147c revenue related to District Pen contributions subsequent to the measurement date	sion	0		899,815	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,853,481		0	
Total	\$	3,608,690	\$	5,235,453	

\$1,853,481 reported as deferred outflows of resources and \$899,815 reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a net reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount	
2022	\$	(209,860)
2023		(527,274)
2024		(802,208)
2025		(1,041,087)
	\$	(2,580,429)

F. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Liabilities

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$867,012 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, the District's proportion was 0.05680192% and 0.05254163%

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net OPEB Liability

	Se	ptember 30, 2021	September 30, 2020		
Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	12,046,393,511 (10,520,015,621)	\$	13,206,903,534 (7,849,636,555)	
OPEB Liability	\$	1,526,377,890	\$	5,357,266,979	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		87.33%		59.44%	
OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		16.87%		60.39%	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized total OPEB benefit of \$456,591.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	0	\$	2,474,824		
Changes of assumptions		724,779		108,454		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		0		653,483		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		358,381		48,596		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		373,132		0		
Total	\$	1,456,292	\$	3,285,357		

\$373,132 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount	
2022	\$	(604,369)
2023		(541,691)
2024		(478,770)
2025		(436,973)
2026		(124,107)
Thereafter		(16,287)
	\$	(2,202,197)

G. Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for pension -6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus groups and 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.

Investment rate of return for OPEB - 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including inflation at 2.75%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Inflation -3.0%.

Mortality assumptions -

Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Experience study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2020. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit – Pre 65, 7.75% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption -21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage – 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2021, and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.40%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.10%
International Equity	15.00%	7.50%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	-0.70%
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	5.40%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	2.60%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.50%	6.10%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	-1.30%
	100%	

^{*}Long-term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

Rate of return

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.3% and 27.14% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Pension	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
\$ 18,483,943	\$ 12,896,812	\$ 8,302,021

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

			OPEB				
1% Decrease			Discount Rate		1% Increase		
\$	1,611,065	\$	867,012	\$	235,577		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

			OPEB				
		Cu	irrent Healthcare Cost				
1% Decrease		Trend Rates			1% Increase		
\$	211,024	\$	867,012	\$	1,605,078		

H. Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2022, the District is current on all required pension and OPEB plan payments. As of June 30, 2022, the District reported payables in the amount of \$318,361 to the pension and OPEB plan. These amounts represent current payments for June wages paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and also the contributions due and funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate.

J. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees.

The Schools participate in a distinct pool of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for various risks of loss, including general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident insurance, and workers' disability compensation. The pool is considered a public entity risk pool. The District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

The following is a summary of the governmental long-term obligation transactions for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	General					
	Obligation	Obligation Compensated		Net Pension	Net OPEB	
	Bonds	A	bsences	Liability	Liability	Total
Long-Term Obligations at						
July 1, 2021	\$6,615,000	\$	133,087	\$17,778,230	\$2,814,795	\$27,341,112
Increase in Obligations	0		8,680	1,635,632	421,666	2,065,978
Obligations Retired	(240,000)		(27,643)	(6,517,050)	(2,369,449)	(9,154,142)
Long-Term Obligations at						
June 30, 2022	6,375,000		114,124	12,896,812	867,012	20,252,948
Less Current Portion	(250,000)		unknown	unknown	unknown	(250,000)
Total Due After One Year	\$6,125,000	\$	114,124	\$12,896,812	\$ 867,012	\$20,002,948

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

The District's long-term obligations at June 30, 2022, are comprised of the following:

2016 Building and Site Bonds due is annual installments of \$250,000 to	.
\$475,000 through May 1, 2040, with interest of 4.00%	\$ 6,375,000
Compensated Absences of Employee Vested Sick Pay Accumulations	114,124
Net Other Postemployment Liability	867,012
Net Pension Liability	12,896,812
TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 20,252,948

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments of \$2,683,000 are as follows:

YEAR ENDING	GE	NERAL OBL	IGATI	ON BONDS	
JUNE 30,	PI	RINCIPAL	Γ	NTEREST	TOTAL
2023	\$	250,000	\$	255,000	\$ 505,000
2024		260,000		245,000	505,000
2025		270,000		234,600	504,600
2026		280,000		223,800	503,800
2027		290,000		212,600	502,600
2028-2032		1,645,000		878,400	2,523,400
2033-2037		2,000,000		522,000	2,522,000
2038-2040		1,380,000		111,600	1,491,600
	\$	6,375,000	\$	2,683,000	\$ 9,058,000

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$263,000.

The annual requirements to amortize the accumulated compensated absences, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are not included above because it is unknown when they will actually be paid.

Compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked, including the general fund and other governmental funds.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Debt Retirement Fund	General Fund	\$ 8,283

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All Interfund balances outstanding at June 30, 2022 are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

M. Interfund Transfers

Fund Transferred To	Funds Transferred From	 Amount
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$ 35,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

N. Other Information

1. Commitments and Contingencies

Under the terms of various federal and state grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required, and certain cost may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement of the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management does not believe such disallowances, if any, would be material to the financial position of the District.

Prior to June 30, 2022, the District has committed to spend approximately \$250,000 for track resurfacing and \$337,850 for high school building reroofing.

2. Single Audit

Current federal guidelines require entities with federal expenditures exceeding \$750,000 to have a "single audit" of federally funded programs. This audit is being performed and the reports based thereon will be issued under a separate cover.

O. Tax Abatements

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of an Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption Agreement granted by the City of Evart. Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, (tax year 2021) the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$4,541 under these programs.

The District is considered to be an "in-formula" district. The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage are considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act. The District received \$2,138 from the State of Michigan's determination.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The District is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

In May 2020, the GASB issued statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		3ENI	ERAL FUND	
	RIGINAL		FINAL	
	 BUDGET		BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 2,093,312	\$	2,208,478	\$ 2,204,027
State Sources	6,128,732		7,355,292	7,546,469
Federal Sources	429,187		4,207,968	1,865,407
Other Transactions	 160,000		203,921	203,727
Total Revenues	 8,811,231		13,975,659	11,819,630
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Basic Programs	5,475,910		6,549,925	5,589,507
Added Needs	1,212,942		1,018,946	994,765
Supporting Services				
Pupil	873,780		1,346,410	818,916
Instructional Staff	113,625		328,160	313,766
General Administration	104,528		118,138	106,285
School Administration	602,042		600,982	584,917
Business	281,780		228,120	223,665
Operation and Maintenance	1,086,910		2,614,267	1,853,821
Pupil Transportation Services	548,720		738,175	584,657
Central Services	220,477		311,393	269,677
Other Support Services	272,650		280,330	279,005
Community Services				
Community Activities	0		2,751	1,499
Total Expenditures	10,793,364		14,137,597	11,620,480
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(1,982,133)		(161,938)	199,150
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer In	 35,000		35,000	35,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,947,133)		(126,938)	234,150
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	 2,690,304		3,008,220	3,008,220
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 743,171	\$	2,881,282	\$ 3,242,370

EVART PUBLIC SCHOOLS

EVART, MICHIGAN

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2022

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)

District's proportion of net pension	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
liability (%)			0.05447%	0.05176%	0.05103%	0.05197%	0.05257%	0.05203%	0.05243%	0.05423%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability			\$ 12,896,812	\$ 17,778,230	\$ 16,898,347	\$ 15,622,408	\$ 13,622,562	\$ 12,980,860	\$ 17,778,230 \$ 16,898,347 \$ 15,622,408 \$ 13,622,562 \$ 12,980,860 \$ 12,805,734 \$ 11,945,288	\$ 11,945,288
District's covered payroll			5,162,301	4,666,449	4,463,503	4,373,115	4,438,437	4,382,250	4,363,808	4,602,567
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll			249.83%	380.98%	378.59%	357.24%	306.92%	296.21%	293.45%	259.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability			72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR) JUNE 30, 2022

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	9	2015
Statutorily required contributions			\$ 1,934,851	\$ 1,638,008	\$ 1,417,434	\$ 1,360,669	\$ 1,323,194	\$ 1,934,851 \$ 1,638,008 \$ 1,417,434 \$ 1,360,669 \$ 1,323,194 \$ 1,258,730 \$ 1,213,043 \$ 1,021,749	\$ 1,21.	3,043 \$	1,021,749
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *			1,934,851	1,638,008	1,417,434	1,360,669	1,323,194	1,934,851 1,638,008 1,417,434 1,360,669 1,323,194 1,258,730 1,213,043	1,21	3,043	1,021,749
Contribution deficiency (excess)			0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0	S	\$ 0	0
Covered Payroll			\$ 5,367,719	\$ 5,073,875	\$ 4,608,600	\$ 4,440,466	\$ 4,363,510	\$ 5,367,719 \$ 5,073,875 \$ 4,608,600 \$ 4,440,466 \$ 4,363,510 \$ 4,576,930 \$ 4,381,052 \$ 4,390,142	\$ 4,38	1,052 \$	4,390,142
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			36.04%	32.28%	30.76%	30.64%	30.32%	27.50%	5	27.69%	23.27%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR) MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

JUNE 30, 2022

•	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)						0.05680%	0.05254%	0.05104%	0.05141%	0.05257%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability						\$ 867,012	\$ 2,814,795 \$	3,663,609	\$ 867,012 \$ 2,814,795 \$ 3,663,609 \$ 4,086,440 \$ 4,656,572	4,656,572
District's covered payroll						5,162,301	4,666,449	4,463,503	4,373,115	4,438,437
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll						16.80%	60.32%	82.08%	93.44%	104.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability						87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2022

1	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	7	2022	2021		2020		2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions						∽	\$ 208,601	395,74	\$ 0	409,807 \$ 395,740 \$ 353,185 \$	↔	338,501 \$	315,198
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *						1	409,807	395,740	0	353,185		338,501	315,198
Contribution deficiency (excess)						∽	0		\$ 0	\$ 0	S	\$ 0	0
Covered Payroll						\$ 5,3	867,719	5,073,87	\$	4,608,600	↔	\$ 5,367,719 \$ 5,073,875 \$ 4,608,600 \$ 4,440,466 \$ 4,363,510	4,363,510
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll							7.62%	7.80%	%	7.66%		7.62%	7.22%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2021.

Changes of Assumptions – There were no changes of assumptions for the plan year ended September 30, 2021.

OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2021.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2021, were:

Healthcare cost trend rate was broken into two groups, Pre 65 and Post 65. The Pre 65 rate is 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15. The Post 65 rate is 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15. The prior healthcare cost trend rate was reported as one group with a rate of 7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Re	venu	e Funds		TOTAL
			ST	TUDENT	1	NONMAJOR
]	FOOD	AC	TIVITIES	GOV	VERNMENTAL
	SE	ERVICE		FUND		FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash	\$	64,872	\$	164,302	\$	229,174
Due from Other Funds		0		0		0
Due from Other Governments		9,560		0		9,560
Prepaid Expenditures		0		4,950		4,950
Inventory		11,227		0		11,227
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	85,659	\$	169,252	\$	254,911
A LA DIA MENERA AND EVIND DAY ANDE						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable	\$	2,944	\$	0	\$	2,944
Accrued Expenditures		9,498		0		9,498
Due to Other Funds		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		12,442		0		12,442
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable for:						
Prepaid Expenditures		0		4,950		4,950
Inventory		11,227		0		11,227
Restricted for:		, .				
Food Service		61,990		0		61,990
Debt Service		0		0		0
Assigned for Student Activities		0		164,302		164,302
Tibbighou for Student Hourthies				101,502		10.,502
Total Fund Balance		73,217		169,252		242,469
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	85,659	\$	169,252	\$	254,911

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	S	Special Rev FOOD ERVICE	ST AC	Funds UDENT TIVITIES FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$	32,716 68,706 697,786	\$	219,763 0 0	\$ 252,479 68,706 697,786
Total Revenues		799,208		219,763	1,018,971
EXPENDITURES Supporting Services Food Service Activities Debt Service Total Expenditures		0 1,058,213 0 1,058,213		230,379 0 0 230,379	230,379 1,058,213 0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(259,005)		(10,616)	(269,621)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In/(Out)		(35,000)		0	(35,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(294,005)		(10,616)	(304,621)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		367,222		179,868	547,090
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	73,217	\$	169,252	\$ 242,469

2016 SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS JUNE 30, 2022

<u>TITLE OF ISSUE</u>	2016 School Building and Site Bonds
-----------------------	-------------------------------------

DATE OF ISSUE	February 23, 2016

<u>INTEREST PAYABLE</u> May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 7,660,000

AMOUNT REDEEMED

 Prior to Current Year
 \$ 1,045,000

 During Current Year
 240,000
 1,285,000

BALANCE OUTSTANDING - June 30, 2022 \$ 6,375,000

	INTEREST	REQUIREMENTS					
DUE DATES	RATES		ΓΟΤΑL	IN	TEREST	PR	INCIPAL
November 1, 2022		\$	127,500	\$	127,500		
May 1, 2023	4.000 %		377,500		127,500	\$	250,000
November 1, 2023			122,500		122,500		
May 1, 2024	4.000 %		382,500		122,500		260,000
November 1, 2024			117,300		117,300		
May 1, 2025	4.000 %		387,300		117,300		270,000
November 1, 2025			111,900		111,900		
May 1, 2026	4.000 %		391,900		111,900		280,000
November 1, 2026			106,300		106,300		
May 1, 2027	4.000 %		396,300		106,300		290,000
November 1, 2027			100,500		100,500		
May 1, 2028	4.000 %		405,500		100,500		305,000
November 1, 2028			94,400		94,400		
May 1, 2029	4.000 %		409,400		94,400		315,000
November 1, 2029			88,100		88,100		
May 1, 2030	4.000 %		418,100		88,100		330,000
November 1, 2030			81,500		81,500		
May 1, 2031	4.000 %		421,500		81,500		340,000
November 1, 2031			74,700		74,700		
May 1, 2032	4.000 %		429,700		74,700		355,000
November 1, 2032			67,600		67,600		

$\frac{2016 \text{ SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS}}{\text{JUNE } 30,2022}$

	INTEREST	REQUIREMENTS		
DUE DATES	RATES	TOTAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL
May 1, 2033	4.000 %	437,600	67,600	370,000
November 1, 2033		60,200	60,200	
May 1, 2034	4.000 %	445,200	60,200	385,000
November 1, 2034		52,500	52,500	
May 1, 2035	4.000 %	452,500	52,500	400,000
November 1, 2035		44,500	44,500	
May 1, 2036	4.000 %	459,500	44,500	415,000
November 1, 2036		36,200	36,200	
May 1, 2037	4.000 %	466,200	36,200	430,000
November 1, 2037		27,600	27,600	
May 1, 2038	4.000 %	472,600	27,600	445,000
November 1, 2038		18,700	18,700	
May 1, 2039	4.000 %	478,700	18,700	460,000
November 1, 2029		9,500	9,500	
May 1, 2040	4.000 %	484,500	9,500	475,000
		\$ 9,058,000	\$ 2,683,000	\$ 6,375,000