

EVART PUBLIC SCHOOLS

EVART, MICHIGAN

JUNE 30, 2024

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGES
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-10
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	11-12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17-18
Notes to Financial Statements	19-44
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	45
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	46
Schedule of Pension Contributions	47
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability (Asset)	48
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions	49
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	50
Supplementary Information	
Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet	51
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	52
Other Information	
Schedule of Bonds Payable	50.54
2016 Building and Site Bonds	53-54
Single Audit Section	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	55-56
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal	
Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	57-58
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	59-60
Notes to Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	61
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	62
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	63-64



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Evart Public Schools Evart, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evart Public Schools, Evart, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evart Public Schools, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Evart Public Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Evart Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our

opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Evart Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, on pages 4-10 and 45-50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Evart Public Schools basic financial statements. The accompanying nonmajor combining fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations*

Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of bonds payable but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2024, on our consideration of Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cadillac, Michigan September 25, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

This section of Evart Public Schools' ("the District") annual report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Evart Public Schools' financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

A. Financial Highlights Section

Government-Wide

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,274,118, creating a deficit net position. Of this amount, net capital assets net of related debt was a positive \$6,873,179.
- The government's total net deficit decreased by \$1,993,109.

Fund Level

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,440,122, an increase of \$947,038 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,818,150.

B. Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District's overall financial status. These statements are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as described in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The district-wide financial statements are compiled using full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "Governmental Activities". These activities, including regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, athletic activities, and community services, are primarily financed with state and federal aids and property taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "non-major" funds. Detailed financial information for non-major funds can be found in the combining and individual fund statements section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-44 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

C. Summary of Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the net position at fiscal years ended June 30.

		2024	2023
Assets			_
Current Assets	\$	6,445,289	\$ 5,283,071
Other Noncurrent Assets		327,119	0
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation		13,222,070	13,539,727
Total Assets		19,994,478	18,822,798
Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,619,766	9,678,765
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities		2,314,267	2,192,998
Non Current Liabilities		24,943,552	29,359,059
Total Liabilities		27,257,819	31,552,057
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,630,543	4,216,733
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,873,179	6,798,415
Restricted for Specific Purposes		769,833	492,503
Unrestricted - (Deficit)	((12,917,130)	(14,558,145)
Total Net Position - (Deficit)	\$	(5,274,118)	\$ (7,267,227)

D. Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District's net position increased by \$1,993,109. Some of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year is discussed below:

1. Depreciation/Amortization Expense

GASB 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation/amortization expense and the accumulation of depreciation/amortization expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation/amortization expense is a reduction in net position.

Depreciation/amortization expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation/amortization expense is calculated based on the original cost of the asset less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$606,992 was recorded for depreciation/amortization expense.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

2. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$289,335 of expenditures were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District. These additions to the District's capital assets will be depreciated/amortized over time as explained above.

The net effect of the new capital assets, the current year's depreciation/amortization and current year disposal of capital assets is a decrease to capital assets in the amount of \$317,657 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

3. State Sources

The majority of the state sources is comprised of the per student foundation allowance. The State of Michigan funds districts based on a blended student enrollment. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the District received \$9,608 per student.

4. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Expense

GASB 68 and 75 now requires the District to account for its payments to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System in a manner that has a significant effect on the District's change in net position. Based on various factors, the District may report an increase or decrease in net position depending on whether the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and OPEB asset and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources increases or decreases in any given year. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported an increase of \$961,880 in net position related to GASB 68 and 75.

E. Results of Operations

The following schedule summarizes the results of operations, on a district-wide basis, for the fiscal year ended June 30.

	2024	2023
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,825,717	\$ 2,740,782
Investment Earnings	46,828	8,416
State Sources	6,221,254	5,857,248
Other	 10,057	16,061
Total General Revenues	9,103,856	8,622,507
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	94,499	114,240
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,327,275	4,913,205
Capital Grants and Contributions	 210,335	359,617
Total Program Revenues	6,632,109	5,387,062
Total Revenues	15,735,965	14,009,569

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023
Expenses		
Instruction	6,490,249	7,592,163
Supporting Services	5,557,332	4,788,128
Food Service Activities	871,554	806,567
Community Services	2,614	2,040
Interest on Long-Term Debt	213,024	223,090
Other Transactions	1,091	1,135
Unallocated Depreciation	606,992	586,912
Total Expenses	13,742,856	14,000,035
Change in Net Position	1,993,109	9,534
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(7,267,227)	(7,276,761)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (5,274,118)	\$ (7,267,227)

F. Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. The following table shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

	2024	2023	Increase Decrease)
Major Fund	 	_	
General Fund	\$ 3,655,679	\$ 2,704,350	\$ 951,329
2016 Debt Retirement Fund	481,814	533,336	(51,522)
Nonmajor Funds			
Food Service Fund	83,878	42,479	41,399
Student Activities Fund	 218,751	212,919	5,832
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,440,122	\$ 3,493,084	\$ 947,038

In 2023-2024, the General Fund balance increased due to increased local and state revenues as well as a significant decrease to expenditures from the prior year. The expenditure decrease is the result of capital expenditures paid for with available fund balance in the prior fiscal year.

The 2016 Debt Retirement Fund decreased its fund balance due to local and state revenues being less than principal and interest payments made to meet the ongoing debt obligations of the fund.

The Food Service Fund balance increased primarily due to a significant drop in expenditures as the result of less capital related purchases compared to the prior year.

The Student Activities Fund balance increased, which is mainly due to current year revenues that will be used to fund activities in the following year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

G. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on July 1. The Board prior to the close of the fiscal year must approve any amendments made to the operating budget on or before June 30.

For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the District amended the General Fund budget as needed during the year. The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended general fund budget, and actual totals from operations:

	ORIGINAL			FINAL		
		BUDGET	BUDGET			ACTUAL
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	12,651,888	\$	13,673,477	;	\$ 13,710,946
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Instruction	\$	7,580,204	\$	7,542,548		\$ 7,436,059
Supporting Services		5,960,751		5,438,973		5,253,766
Community Services		3,000		3,679		2,614
Debt Service		0		102,979		102,178
Total Expenditures	\$	13,543,955	\$	13,088,179	:	\$ 12,794,617

The revenue budget was amended as it became clearer on the amounts the District would receive for State and Local funding, as well as funding from the Intermediate School District. The expenditures were amended because many of the expenditures are revenue driven and once the revenue picture became clearer, the District was able to allocate additional funds for expenditures it hadn't allocated for in its original budget.

The total revenues variance between final budget and actual was \$37,469. The revenue variance was caused mostly by the District under budgeting for state funding. The total expenditures variance was \$293,562. The expenditure variance was caused by the District budgeting with caution to avoid exceeding the budget which held true except for one supporting services activity.

H. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

1. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District has \$22,957,083 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings and facilities, school buses and other vehicles, and various types of equipment. Depreciation/amortization expense for the year amounted to \$606,992 bringing the accumulated depreciation to \$9,735,013 as of June 30, 2024.

Major capital asset additions to the current fiscal year include:

- Security doors in the amount of \$140,805.
- Stadium improvements in the amount of \$32,511.
- Garage doors in the amount of \$35,690.
- Learning Curriculum in the amount of \$35,405.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Major capital asset deletions to the current fiscal year include:

• John Deere tractor with a historical cost of \$10,800 that was fully depreciated.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to this report.

2. Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$5,865,000 in bonded debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of \$260,000 from the amount outstanding at the close of the prior fiscal year. Additionally, the liability for compensated absences and net pension liability, are \$102,483 and \$18,762,178 respectively. More information on the long-term obligations of the District can be found in the footnotes of this report.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- As student count is the driving force behind the District's revenue streams, the District continues to monitor
 enrollment, as any loss in students will have a direct impact on the District's revenue. In July 2024, the school
 state aid budget was approved for the 2024-2025 school year, with no increase to the per pupil foundation
 allowance, which will remain \$9,608.
- The District continues to monitor certain one-time funding sources due to the federal pandemic recovery funding concluding September 30, 2024.
- Our District continues to monitor changes in rates paid for employee benefits, particularly health insurance and retirement.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact Evart Public Schools, 321 North Hemlock, P.O. Box 917, Evart, Michigan 49631.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	
<u>CURRENT ASSETS</u>	
Cash	\$ 4,195,136
Accounts Receivable	1,971
Due from Other Governmental Units	2,235,005
Inventory	13,177
Total Current Assets	6,445,289
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset	327,119
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	
Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,267,071
Assets Being Depreciated	11,954,999
Total Non Current Assets	13,549,189
TOTAL ASSETS	19,994,478_
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	6,249,985
Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	1,369,781
,	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,619,766
LIABILITIES	
<u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	37,685
Accrued Expenses	374,961
Accrued Interest Payable	39,100
Salaries Payable	614,028
Due to Other Governmental Units	425,045
Unearned Revenue	553,448
Bond Payable - Due within One Year	270,000
Tatal Company Liabilities	2 244 267
Total Current Liabilities	2,314,267

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Bonds Payable (Net of Current Portion and Bond Premium)	6,078,891
Net Pension Liability	18,762,178
Compensated Absences	102,483
Total Non Current Liabilities	24,943,552
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,257,819
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	3,046,901
Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	2,583,642
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,630,543
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,873,179
Restricted for Debt Service	442,714
Restricted for Net Other Postemployment Benefits	327,119
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,917,130)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	_\$ (5,274,118)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				PROGRAM REVENUES	REVENUE		GOVI A NET REVI	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR	J.R	OPERATING		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	J E	CHANGE IN
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$ 6,490,249	⋄	0	\$ 3,735,768	\$	0	❖	(2,754,481)
Supporting Services	5,557,332	(09)	906'09	1,668,281	31	210,335		(3,617,810)
Food Services	871,554	33,	33,593	920,771	71	0		82,810
Community Services	2,614		0	2,455	55	0		(159)
Interest on Long Term Debt	213,024		0		0	0		(213,024)
Other Transactions	1,091		0		0	0		(1,091)
Unallocated Depreciation	606,992		0		0	0		(606,992)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 13,742,856	\$ 94,	94,499	\$ 6,327,275	75 \$	210,335		(7,110,747)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property Taxes - General Purposes								2,389,664
Property Taxes - Debt Service								436,053
Investment Earnings								46,828
State Sources								6,221,254
Other								10,057
Total General Revenues								9,103,856
Change in Net Position								1,993,109
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year - Deficit						·		(7,267,227)
<u>NET POSITION</u> - End of Year - Deficit							↔	(5,274,118)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERAL FUND	F	2016 DEBT RETIREMENT FUND	G	OTHER NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS	G	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>	· ·							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,423,082	\$	474,757	\$	297,297	\$	4,195,136
Accounts Receivable		1,971		0		0		1,971
Due from Other Funds		3,509		7,057		1,853		12,419
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,229,398		0		5,607		2,235,005
Inventory		0		0		13,177		13,177
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,657,960	\$	481,814	\$	317,934	\$	6,457,708
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$	35,325	\$	0	\$	2,360	\$	37,685
Accrued Expenditures		365,525		0		2,812		368,337
Salaries Payable		614,028		0		6,624		620,652
Due to Other Funds		8,910		0		3,509		12,419
Due to Other Governmental Units		425,045		0		0		425,045
Unearned Revenue		553,448		0		0		553,448
Total Liabilities		2,002,281		0		15,305		2,017,586
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable for:								
Inventory		0		0		13,177		13,177
Restricted for:								
Food Service		0		0		70,701		70,701
Debt Service		0		481,814		0		481,814
Assigned for:								
Student Activities		0		0		218,751		218,751
Subsequent Year Budget Shortfall		837,529		0		0		837,529
Unassigned		2,818,150		0		0		2,818,150
Total Fund Balance		3,655,679		481,814		302,629		4,440,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCE	\$	5,657,960	\$	481,814	\$	317,934	\$	6,457,708

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 4,440,122
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		
The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation/amortization is	\$ 22,957,083 (9,735,013)	13,222,070
Bond discounts (premiums) and deferred charges for bonds issued are expenditures (revenues) at the modified accrual fund level, but are capitalized and written off over the life of the bonds payable at the district-wide full accrual level.		
Bond Discount (Premium) Accumulated Amortization	 (735,644) 251,753	(483,891)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds Payable Compensated Absences		(5,865,000) (102,483)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in government funds, it is recorded when paid.		(39,100)
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability		(18,762,178)
Some assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		327,119
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflow of Resources Deferred Inflow of Resources		 7,619,766 (5,630,543)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (5,274,118)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	2016 DEBT RETIREMENT FUND	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 2,629,322	\$ 436,918	\$ 257,316	\$ 3,323,556
State Sources	9,457,384	17,651	49,816	9,524,851
Federal Sources	1,443,011	0	825,714	2,268,725
Other Transactions	181,229	0	0	181,229
Total Revenues	13,710,946	454,569	1,132,846	15,298,361
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Basic Programs	6,252,257	0	0	6,252,257
Added Needs	1,183,802	0	0	1,183,802
Supporting Services				
Pupil	887,443	0	0	887,443
Instructional Staff	263,126	0	0	263,126
General Administration	244,138	0	0	244,138
School Administration	635,244	0	0	635,244
Business	315,239	0	0	315,239
Operation and Maintenance	1,708,974	0	0	1,708,974
Pupil Transportation Services	650,567	0	0	650,567
Central Services	269,322	0	0	269,322
Other Support Services	279,713	0	217,864	497,577
Food Services	0	0	832,751	832,751
Community Services				
Community Activities	2,614	0	0	2,614
Debt Service				
Principal	102,178	260,000	0	362,178
Interest	0	245,000	0	245,000
Other	0	1,091	0	1,091
Total Expenditures	12,794,617	506,091	1,050,615	14,351,323
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	916,329	(51,522)	82,231	947,038
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	35,000	0	0	35,000
Transfers Out	0	0	(35,000)	(35,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,000	0	(35,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	951,329	(51,522)	47,231	947,038
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	2,704,350	533,336	255,398	3,493,084
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> - End of Year	\$ 3,655,679	\$ 481,814	\$ 302,629	\$ 4,440,122

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ 947,038
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization.	
Depreciation/Amortization Expense Capital Outlay	(606,992) 289,335
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities over the life of the bond issue.	
Amortization of Bond Premium	30,243
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid:	
Accrued Interest Payable - Beginning of Year	40,833
Accrued Interest Payable - End of Year	(39,100)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.	
Repayment of Bond Principal Repayment of Right to Use Subscription Based IT Arrangement	260,000 102,178
Employees Compensated Absences and Early Retirement Incentives are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:	
Compensated Absences - Beginning of Year	110,177
Consequent of Alexander Fold of Visco	/402.402\

(102,483)

Compensated Absences - End of Year

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental funds report district pension and other postemployment benefits contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and other postemployment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an expense:

Items related to Pensions	(426,834)
Items related to Other Postemployment Benefits	951,110

Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147 C pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date:

Change in State Aid Funding for Pension 437,604

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 1,993,109

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Evart Public Schools have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District ("the District") is located in Osceola, Mecosta, and Clare Counties with its administrative offices located in Evart, Michigan. The District operates under an elected 7-member board of education and provides services to its 885 students in elementary, middle school, high school, special education and adult education instruction, guidance, health, transportation, food service, athletics and recreation. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not have any business-type activities or component units.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The 2016 debt retirement fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of government funds.

Other <u>non-major</u> funds:

The *special revenue (School Food Service) fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted for expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its food service activities in a special revenue fund.

The *special revenue (Student Activities) fund* accounts for revenue sources that are assigned to expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its student activities in a special revenue fund.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds.

The District's approved budgets were adopted at the function level for the General and Special Revenue Funds. These are the legal enacted levels under the State Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act and the level of budgetary control adopted by the Board (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations).

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) In June, the superintendent submits to the school board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted during June to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by the School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act. The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year, when necessary, to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financial sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated.
- d) The superintendent is charged with general supervision of the budgets and shall hold the department heads responsible for performance of their responsibilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

- e) For purposes of meeting emergency needs of the school district, transfer of appropriations may be made by the authorization of the superintendent. Such transfers of appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education at its next regularly scheduled meeting.
- f) During the year the budgets are monitored and amendments to the budget resolution are made when it is deemed necessary.
- g) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted in June 2023, or as amended by the School Board of Education throughout the year.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

	APPROPRI	ATIONS	EXPENDITURES		
General Fund - Supporting Services					
Other Supporting Services	\$	239,300	\$	279,713	

This overage was covered by available fund balance and greater than anticipated revenues.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments are carried at market value.

The District complies with State statutes regarding investment of funds.

The Board policy on investment of funds authorizes the District to invest as follows:

- a) Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States, or obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States.
- b) Certificates of deposit issued by any state or national bank organized and authorized to operate in this state.
- c) Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d) Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States.

The District's deposits and investments are held separately by several of the District's funds. Some investments authorized by state law are shown as cash on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

3. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost on a first-in/first-out method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

The nonspendable fund balance at the governmental fund level is equal to the amount of inventories and prepaid items at year end to indicate the portion of the governmental fund balances that are nonspendable.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Land and construction in progress, if any, are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the District are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription period or the estimated useful lives. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Land Improvements20 yearsBuildings and Additions50 yearsMachinery and Equipment5-20 yearsTransportation Equipment8 years

The District's capitalization policy is to capitalize individual amounts exceeding \$5,000.

5. Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and other postemployment benefits asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide *Statement of Net Position*. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expenses in the plan year for which they apply. Details can be found in footnote 3-E and 3-F.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. Details can be found in footnote 3-E and 3-F.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing board has by resolution authorized the superintendent to assign fund balance. The board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

10. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. The District has unearned revenue that is related to state and local grants/donations, with restrictions on how they can be spent, being received but as of the year end have not been spent.

11. Subscription Based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

SBITA subscriber: The District is a subscriber of an IT arrangement. The District recognizes a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of subscription, the District initially measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to SBITAs included how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the subscription provider as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the subscription provider is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA.
- The SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the subscription. SBITA payments included in the measurement of the SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and SBITA liabilities, if any, are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

12. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. State Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the foundation allowance was based on a one year blend to determine pupil membership based on counts taken in February 2023, and October 2023. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the per pupil foundation allowance was \$9,608 for Evart Public Schools.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-homestead property taxes, which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2023 to August 2024. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

2. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, state foundation aid, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenue but instead as general revenues.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are billed as of December 1. The due date is February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

The various counties in which the District is located have tax revolving funds which allow the counties to pay off the various taxing units for their share of the current year real property taxes returned delinquent. Taxes receivable are uncollected delinquent personal property taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024 the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of taxable valuation:

Fund	Mills
General Fund - Non-Homestead Real	18.00
General Fund - Commercial PPT	6.00
Debt Service Fund - Homestead and Non-Homestead	1.30

4. Compensated Absences

District policy permits certain employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits which are paid when the employee separates from service with the District. A liability is recorded in the statement of net position for such amounts. No liability is recorded for accumulated vacation since hours earned do not vest.

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related obligation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Violations of Legal or Contractual Provisions

Note 1.F.2, on the Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations, describes a budgetary violation that occurred for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, the District's bank balance was \$4,311,033 and \$3,811,033 of that amount was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2024, deposits of \$4,194,986 and petty cash of \$150 are reported on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSOs). Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Concentration of credit risk. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Foreign currency risk. The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk; therefore, it is not addressed in the investment policy.

B. Accrued Expenditures

Accrued liabilities reported by governmental funds at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Nonmajor					
	Ge	eneral Fund	Food	Service Fund		Total
Retirement	\$	186,752	\$	2,076	\$	188,828
FICA		45,796		492		46,288
Employee Benefits		132,977		244		133,221
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$	365,525	\$	2,812	\$	368,337

C. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor are as follows:

	General Food S		Food Service	Total	
Accounts Receivable	\$	1,971	\$	0	\$ 1,971
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,229,398		5,607	2,235,005
Total Receivables	\$	2,231,369	\$	5,607	\$ 2,236,976

Amounts due from other governments include amounts due from federal, state, and local sources for various projects and programs.

Because of the District's favorable collection experience, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2023 Additions D		Deletions	June 30, 2024
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated/Amorti	zed:			
Land	\$ 1,267,071	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,267,071
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:				
Land Improvements	797,718	0	0	797,718
Buildings and Additions	15,332,660	0	0	15,332,660
Machinery and Equipment	3,830,402	253,930	10,800	4,073,532
Transportation Equipment	1,114,466	0	0	1,114,466
Right to Use - Subscription-Based				
IT Arrangements	336,231	35,405	0	371,636
Subtotal	21,411,477	289,335	10,800	21,690,012
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	n for:			
Land Improvements	109,188	39,886	0	149,074
Buildings and Additions	4,891,419	258,585	0	5,150,004
Machinery and Equipment	3,361,357	109,210	10,800	3,459,767
Transportation Equipment	720,819	137,372	0	858,191
Right to Use - Subscription-Based				
IT Arrangements	56,038	61,939	0	117,977
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization:	9,138,821	606,992	10,800	9,735,013
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	12,272,656	(317,657)	0	11,954,999
Sepresiated//infortized, Net	12,2,2,000	(317,037)		11,00 1,000
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,539,727	\$ (317,657)	\$ 0	\$ 13,222,070

Depreciation and Amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 amounted to \$606,992. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

E. Defined Benefit Plan and Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www://michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investments Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System.

Benefit Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	Plan Type	Plan Status
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic plan member's contributions range from 0% to 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990 contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990 or later, including Pension Plus plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% to 7.0%.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

<u>Option 1</u> – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service their after would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> – Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 — Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 accounts. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> – Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closes the current hybrid plan (Pension Plus) to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and creates a new optional revised hybrid plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the new hybrid plan is 6%. Further, the law provides that, under certain conditions, the new hybrid plan would close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Benefits Provided – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, hearing, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus, plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> – A basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> – The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% to 7% for pension and 0% to 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree other post-employment benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, were determined as of the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022, and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefits
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2022 - September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$2,473,000 with \$2,364,000 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. OPEB benefits were approximately \$492,000, with \$429,000 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

These amounts for both pension and OPEB, include contributions funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$18,762,178 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was 0.05796867% and 0.057252743%.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net Pension Liability

	September 30, 2023			September 30, 2022		
Total Pension Liability	\$	94,947,828,557	\$	95,876,795,620		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(62,581,762,238)		(58,268,076,344)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	32,366,066,319	\$	37,608,719,276		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		65.91%		60.77%		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage						
of Covered Payroll		320.51%		386.25%		

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total pension expense of \$2,780,876.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 592,265	\$	28,741	
Section 147c revenue related to District Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	0		1,161,975	
Changes of assumptions	2,542,361		1,465,867	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0		383,935	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	882,625		6,383	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,232,734		0	
Total	\$ 6,249,985	\$	3,046,901	

\$2,232,734 reported as deferred outflows of resources and \$1,161,975 reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a net reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	 Amount		
2024	\$ 852,882		
2025	606,565		
2026	931,525		
2027	 (258,647)		
	\$ 2,132,325		

F. OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Liabilities (Assets)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$327,119) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

2022 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was 0.05782575% and 0.05828053%.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Se	ptember 30, 2023	Se	ptember 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	11,223,648,949	\$	12,522,713,324
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(11,789,347,341)		(10,404,650,683)
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(565,698,392)	\$	2,118,062,641
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability (Asset)		105.04%		83.09%
OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-5.60%		21.75%

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total OPEB benefit of \$502,026.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	0	\$	2,471,882		
Changes of assumptions		728,225		87,692		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		997		0		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		268,606		24,068		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		371,953		0_		
Total	\$	1,369,781	\$	2,583,642		

\$371,953 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Year Ended September 30,	 Amount		
2024	\$ (516,939)		
2025	(474,467)		
2026	(155,571)		
2027	(192,122)		
2028	(162,283)		
Thereafter	 (84,432)		
	\$ (1,585,814)		

G. Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for pension – 6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus groups and 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.

Investment rate of return for OPEB – 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including inflation at 2.75%. **Inflation** – 3.0%.

Mortality assumptions -

Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and MP-202 and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale from 2010.

Disabled Retirees: PubNS-2010 Male and Female Disabled Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Experience study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2022. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit – Pre 65, 7.50% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption – 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage – 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees electing two-person coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees who elected coverage are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2023, and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.80%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.60%
International Equity	15.00%	6.80%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	1.30%
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	6.40%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	4.80%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.50%	7.30%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.30%
	100%	

^{*}Long-term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.7% inflation.

Rate of return

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Pension							
1% Decrease			Discount Rate		1% Increase		
\$	25,347,648	\$	18,762,178	\$	13,279,537		

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

OPEB							
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase			
\$	339,125	\$	(327,119)	\$	530,234		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

OPEB							
Current Healthcare Cost							
1% Decrease			Trend Rates		1% Increase		
\$	(901,118)	\$	(327,119)	\$	294,136		

H. Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2024, the District is current on all required pension and OPEB plan payments. As of June 30, 2024, the District reported payables in the amount of \$398,116 to the pension and OPEB plan. These amounts represent current payments for June wages paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and also the contributions due and funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate.

J. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees.

The Schools participate in a distinct pool of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for various risks of loss, including general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident insurance, and workers' disability compensation. The pool is considered a public entity risk pool. The District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The following is a summary of the governmental long-term obligation transactions for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2024:

			Ν	otes from			
				Direct			
		General	В	orrowings			
	(Obligation	а	nd Direct	C	Compensated	
		Bonds	Р	acements		Absences	Total
Balance at July 1, 2023	\$	6,125,000	\$	102,178	\$	110,177	\$ 6,337,355
Additions		0		0		9,091	9,091
Deletions		(260,000)		(102,178)		(16,785)	(378,963)
Balance at June 30, 2024		5,865,000		0		102,483	5,967,483
Less Current Portion		(270,000)		0		unknown	(270,000)
Total Due After One Year	\$	5,595,000	\$	0	\$	102,483	\$ 5,697,483

The District's long-term obligations at June 30, 2024, are comprised of the following:

2016 Building and Site Bonds due is annual installments of \$270,000 to	
\$475,000 through May 1, 2040, with interest of 4.00%	\$ 5,865,000
Compensated Absences of Employee Vested Sick Pay Accumulations	102,483
Net Pension Liability	18,762,178
TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 24,729,661

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$0 contains provisions that in an event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2024, including interest payments of \$2,183,000 are as follows:

YEAR					
ENDING	G	ENERAL OBLIG	OITA	N BONDS	
JUNE 30,	Р	RINCIPAL		INTEREST	TOTAL
2025	\$	270,000	\$	234,600	\$ 504,600
2026		280,000		223,800	503,800
2027		290,000		212,600	502,600
2028		305,000		201,000	506,000
2029		315,000		188,800	503,800
2030-2034		1,780,000		744,200	2,524,200
2035-2039		2,150,000		359,000	2,509,000
2040		475,000		19,000	494,000
	\$	5,865,000	\$	2,183,000	\$ 8,048,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Interest expense for the year ended 2024, was approximately \$213,000.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Aı	mount
Debt Retirement Fund	General Fund	\$	7,057
General Fund	Food Service		17
General Fund	Student Activities		3,492
Food Service	General Fund		1,853
		\$	12,419

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All Interfund balances outstanding at June 30, 2024 are expected to be repaid within one year.

M. Interfund Transfers

Fund Transferred To	Funds Transferred From	 Amount
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$ 35,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

N. Other Information

1. Commitments and Contingencies

Under the terms of various federal and state grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required, and certain cost may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement of the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management does not believe such disallowances, if any, would be material to the financial position of the District.

2. Single Audit

Current federal guidelines require entities with federal expenditures exceeding \$750,000 to have a "single audit" of federally funded programs. This audit is being performed and the reports based thereon will be included with the supplementary information in this report.

O. Tax Abatements

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of an Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption Agreement granted by the City of Evart. Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, (tax year 2023) the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$4,277 under these programs.

The District is considered to be an "in-formula" district. The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage are considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act. The District received \$2,138 from the State of Michigan's determination.

NOTE 4 – UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of substantial impact. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements—or modifies existing requirements—related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
 - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
 - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
 - 2) Financial Summary,
 - 3) Detailed Analyses,
 - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
 - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
 - ii. Stresses detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

- iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;
- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
 - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
 - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income* (*loss*) and *noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;
- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements of should be presented after the fund financial statements;
- e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI;

The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERAL	FUN	D		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL			VARI	ANCE WITH
	BUDGET	BUDGET		ACTUAL	FINA	AL BUDGET
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$ 2,445,080	\$ 2,689,046	\$	2,629,322	\$	(59,724)
State Sources	8,558,193	9,319,201		9,457,384		138,183
Federal Sources	1,533,615	1,512,235		1,443,011		(69,224)
Other Transactions	115,000	152,995		181,229		28,234
Total Revenues	12,651,888	13,673,477		13,710,946		37,469
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Basic Programs	6,340,941	6,311,178		6,252,257		(58,921)
Added Needs	1,239,263	1,231,370		1,183,802		(47,568)
Supporting Services						
Pupil	946,698	905,563		887,443		(18,120)
Instructional Staff	233,553	296,647		263,126		(33,521)
General Administration	196,820	254,135		244,138		(9,997)
School Administration	666,315	641,560		635,244		(6,316)
Business	300,255	320,734		315,239		(5,495)
Operation and Maintenance	2,055,891	1,829,092		1,708,974		(120,118)
Pupil Transportation Services	891,265	675,371		650,567		(24,804)
Central Services	412,289	276,571		269,322		(7,249)
Other Support Services	257,665	239,300		279,713		40,413
Community Services						
Community Activities	3,000	3,679		2,614		(1,065)
Debt Service						
Principal	0	102,979		102,178		(801)
Total Expenditures	13,543,955	13,088,179		12,794,617		(293,562)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(892,067)	585,298		916,329		331,031
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer In	 35,000	35,000		35,000		0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(857,067)	620,298		951,329		331,031
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	2,471,908	2,704,350		2,704,350		0

1,614,841 \$

3,324,648 \$ 3,655,679 \$

331,031

FUND BALANCE - End of Year

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.05797%	0.05753%	0.05447%	0.05176%	0.05103%	0.05197%	0.05257%	0.05203%	0.05243%	0.05423%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 18,762,178 \$ 21,635,330	21,635,330 \$	12,896,812 \$	17,778,230 \$	16,898,347 \$	15,622,408 \$	12,896,812 \$ 17,778,230 \$ 16,898,347 \$ 15,622,408 \$ 13,622,562 \$ 12,980,860 \$ 12,805,734 \$ 11,945,288	12,980,860 \$	12,805,734 \$	11,945,288
District's covered payroll	5,870,795	5,726,355	5,162,301	4,666,449	4,463,503	4,373,115	4,438,437	4,382,250	4,363,808	4,602,567
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	319.58%	377.82%	249.83%	380.98%	378.59%	357.24%	306.92%	296.21%	293.45%	259.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	65.91%	%2.09	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMIOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)
JUNE 30, 2024

		2024		2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	↔	2,364,060 \$ 2,692,213	↔	Ş	1,934,851 \$	1,638,008	\$ 1,417,434	↔	\$ 699'09£'1	1,323,	194 \$	1,258,730 \$	1,934,851 \$ 1,638,008 \$ 1,417,434 \$ 1,360,669 \$ 1,323,194 \$ 1,258,730 \$ 1,213,043 \$	1,021,749
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *		2,364,060		2,692,213	1,934,851	1,638,008	1,417,434		1,360,669	1,323,194	194	1,258,730	1,213,043	1,021,749
Contribution deficiency (excess)	⋄	\$ 0	❖	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0	0 \$	٠	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0
Covered Payroll	↔	5,947,212 \$ 5,813,052	↔	\$	5,367,719 \$	5,073,875	\$ 4,608,600	↔	4,440,466 \$	4,363,	510 \$	5,367,719 \$ 5,073,875 \$ 4,608,600 \$ 4,440,466 \$ 4,363,510 \$ 4,576,930 \$	4,381,052 \$	4,390,142
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		39.75%		46.31%	36.05%	32.28%	30.76%	\0	30.64%	30.	30.32%	27.50%	27.69%	23.27%

* Contributions in relation to statutorily contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2024

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset) (%)				0.05783%	0.05828%	0.05680%	0.05254%	0.05104%	0.05141%	0.05257%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)				\$ (327,119) \$ 1,234,418 \$	1,234,418 \$	867,012 \$	2,814,795 \$	\$ 609'899'8	4,086,440 \$	4,656,572
District's covered payroll				5,870,795	5,726,355	5,162,301	4,666,449	4,463,503	4,373,115	4,438,437
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll				-5.57%	21.56%	16.80%	60.32%	82.08%	93.44%	104.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (asset)				105.04%	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2024

	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions				\$ 429,046 \$		426,357 \$ 409,807 \$ 395,740 \$ 353,185	395,740 \$	353,185 \$	338,501 \$	315,198
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *				429,046	426,357	409,807	395,740	353,185	338,501	315,198
Contribution deficiency (excess)				\$ 0 \$	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0
Covered Payroll			σ,	\$ 5,947,212 \$	5,813,052 \$	5,367,719 \$	\$,073,875 \$	4,608,600 \$	\$ 5,947,212 \$ 5,813,052 \$ 5,367,719 \$ 5,073,875 \$ 4,608,600 \$ 4,440,466 \$	4,363,510
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll				7.21%	7.33%	7.63%	7.80%	7.66%	7.62%	7.22%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2023 were:

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2023 were:

Healthcare cost trend rate

- Pre 65 decreased to 7.50% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen from 7.75% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen.
- Post 65 increased to 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen from 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen.

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2024

		Special Re	venue	Funds		
		FOOD	S	TUDENT	TO	TAL NONMAJOR
	S	ERVICE	Α	CTIVITIES	G	OVERNMENTAL
		FUND		FUND		FUNDS
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	75,054	\$	222,243	\$	297,297
Due from Other Funds	Υ	1,853	7	0	Y	1,853
Due from Other Governmental Units		5,607		0		5,607
Inventory		13,177		0		13,177
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	95,691	\$	222,243	\$	317,934
LIABULTIES AND FUND DALANCE						_
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES Associate Poveble	\$	2.260	\$	0	\$	2.260
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenditures	Ş	2,360 2,812	Ş		Ş	2,360
Salaries Payable		2,812 6,624		0		2,812 6,624
Due to Other Funds		17				•
Due to Other Funds		1/		3,492		3,509
Total Liabilities		11,813		3,492		15,305
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable for Inventory		13,177		0		13,177
Restricted for Food Service		70,701		0		70,701
Assigned for Student Activities		0		218,751		218,751
Total Fund Balance		83,878		218,751		302,629
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	95,691	\$	222,243	\$	317,934

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 Special Rev	enue l	Funds		
	FOOD	S	TUDENT	TC	TAL NONMAJOR
	SERVICE	Α	CTIVITIES	G	OVERNMENTAL
	 FUND		FUND		FUNDS
REVENUES					
Local Sources	\$ 33,620	\$	223,696	\$	257,316
State Sources	49,816		0		49,816
Federal Sources	 825,714		0		825,714
Total Revenues	 909,150		223,696		1,132,846
EXPENDITURES					
Supporting Services					
Other Support Services	0		217,864		217,864
Food Services	 832,751		0		832,751
Table 119 11	000 754		247.064		4.050.645
Total Expenditures	 832,751		217,864		1,050,615
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	76,399		5,832		82,231
	. 0,000		5,552		0_,_0_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer In/(Out)	(35,000)		0		(35,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	41,399		5,832		47,231
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	 42,479		212,919		255,398
FUND DALANCE E L CV	00.070		240 751	4	202.522
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> - End of Year	\$ 83,878	\$	218,751	\$	302,629

2016 SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS JUNE 30, 2024

<u>DATE OF ISSUE</u> February 23, 2016

INTEREST PAYABLE May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 7,660,000

AMOUNT REDEEMED

Prior to Current Year \$ 1,535,000

During Current Year 260,000

1,795,000

<u>BALANCE OUTSTANDING</u> - June 30, 2024 \$ 5,865,000

	INTEREST	REQUIREMENTS					
DUE DATES	RATES		TOTAL		INTEREST	PI	RINCIPAL
November 1, 2024		\$	117,300	\$	117,300		
May 1, 2025	4.000 %		387,300		117,300	\$	270,000
November 1, 2025			111,900		111,900		
May 1, 2026	4.000 %		391,900		111,900		280,000
November 1, 2026			106,300		106,300		
May 1, 2027	4.000 %		396,300		106,300		290,000
November 1, 2027			100,500		100,500		
May 1, 2028	4.000 %		405,500		100,500		305,000
November 1, 2028			94,400		94,400		
May 1, 2029	4.000 %		409,400		94,400		315,000
November 1, 2029			88,100		88,100		
May 1, 2030	4.000 %		418,100		88,100		330,000
November 1, 2030			81,500		81,500		
May 1, 2031	4.000 %		421,500		81,500		340,000
November 1, 2031			74,700		74,700		
May 1, 2032	4.000 %		429,700		74,700		355,000
November 1, 2032			67,600		67,600		
May 1, 2033	4.000 %		437,600		67,600		370,000
November 1, 2033			60,200		60,200		
May 1, 2034	4.000 %		445,200		60,200		385,000
November 1, 2034			52,500		52,500		
May 1, 2035	4.000 %		452,500		52,500		400,000
November 1, 2035			44,500		44,500		

2016 SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS JUNE 30, 2024

	INTEREST	REQUIREMENTS				
DUE DATES	RATES	TOTAL		INTEREST	F	PRINCIPAL
May 1, 2036	4.000 %	 459,500		44,500		415,000
November 1, 2036		36,200		36,200		
May 1, 2037	4.000 %	466,200		36,200		430,000
November 1, 2037		27,600		27,600		
May 1, 2038	4.000 %	472,600		27,600		445,000
November 1, 2038		18,700		18,700		
May 1, 2039	4.000 %	478,700		18,700		460,000
November 1, 2029		9,500		9,500		
May 1, 2040	4.000 %	 484,500		9,500		475,000
		\$ 8,048,000	\$	2,183,000	\$	5,865,000



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Evart Public Schools Evart, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evart Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Evart Public Schools' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Evart Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Evart Public Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cadillac, Michigan

UHY LLP



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Evart Public Schools Evart, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion On Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Evart Public Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Evart Public Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Evart Public Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Evart Public Schools' complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis For Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Evart Public Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Evart Public Schools' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Evart Public Schools' federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Evart Public Schools' compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that,

individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Evart Public Schools' compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Evart Public Schools' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Evart Public Schools' internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
 the effectiveness of Evart Public Schools' internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cadillac, Michigan September 25, 2024

EVART PUBLIC SCHOOLS
EVART, MICHIGAN

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL	PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	APPROVED GRANT AWARD AMOUNT	INVENTORY/ ACCRUED UNEARNED REVENUE JULY 1, 2023	(MEMO ONLY) PRIOR YEAR EXPENDITURES	ADJUSTMENTS	CURRENT YEAR EXPENDITURES	CURRENT YEAR RECEIPTS (CASH BASIS)	INVENTORY/ ACCRUED UNEARNED REVENUE JUNE 30, 2024	CURRENT YEAR CASH TRANSFERRED TO SUBRECIPIENT
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Michigan Department of Education (M.D.E.) Title I Part A - Imp Basic Program Title I Part A - Imp Basic Program	84.010	231530-2223 241530-2324	\$ 372,970	\$ 28,547	\$ 345,529	0 0	\$ 2,058	\$ 30,605	\$ 0	0 0
Total Title I Part A			711,776	28,547	345,529	0	314,713	305,683	37,577	0
Title IV Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	230750-2223 240750-2324	26,018 30,315	944	22,628	0	122 20,294	1,066	2,006	0
Total Title IV Part A	F3C 40	רניני טרווטני	56,333	944	22,628	0 0	20,416	19,354	2,006	0 0
Title II Part A Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	240520-2324	42,589	0	0	0	24,687	2,838	21,849	0
Total Title II Part A			94,089	10,038	45,595	0	24,870	13,059	21,849	0
Title V Part B Subpart 2 Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358	230660-2223	43,410	0	42,328	0	1,082	1,082	0	0
Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II Formula Funds)	84.425D	213712-2021	1,196,080	83,964	1,184,311	0	11,760	95,724	0	0
COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Energency Relief Fund (APP Homeless Children and Youth Formula Funds)	84.425W	211012-2122	18,324	0	0	0	3,227	0	3,227	0
COVID-19 Lieurentary and Securidary School Linesgency Refer France (ARP/ESSER III Formula Funds)	84.425U	213713-2122	2,688,115	316,761	1,562,493	0	1,047,137	975,220	388,678	0
Total Education Stabilization Fund			3,902,519	400,725	2,746,804	0	1,062,124	1,070,944	391,905	0
Total Passed Through M.D.E.			4,808,127	440,254	3,202,884	0	1,423,205	1,410,122	453,337	0
Passed through Mecosta-Osceola Intermediate School District (I.S.D.) Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ARP Homeless Children and Youth Formula Funds)	84.425W	N/A	255	0	0	0	255	255	0	0
Education for Homeless Children and Youths	84.196	N/A	1,679	0	0	0	1,679	1,679	0	0
Total Passed through Mecosta-Osceola I.S.D.			1,934	0	0	0	1,934	1,934	0	0
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,810,061	440,254	3,202,884	0	1,425,139	1,412,056	453,337	0
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed Through Michigan Department of Education (M.D.E.) COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	232423-20231	40,385	0	0	0	11,106	0	11,106	0
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			40,385	0	0	0	11,106	0	11,106	0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

EVART PUBLIC SCHOOLS
EVART, MICHIGAN

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CURRENT YEAR CASH TRANSFERRED TO SUBRECIPIENT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 \$	
INVENTORY/ ACCRUED UNEARNED REVENUE UUNE 30, 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	464,443	
CURRENT YEAR RECEIPTS (CASH BASIS)	6,766	992'9	46,105	224,267	46,157	270,424	398,134	84,671	26,380	509,185	779,609	825,714	825,714	2,244,536 \$	(n)
CURRENT YEAR EXPENDITURES	6,766	992'9	46,105	224,267	46,157	270,424	398,134	84,671	26,380	509,185	779,609	825,714	825,714	2,268,725 \$	(2)
C ADJUSTMENTS E:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$ 0	
(MEMO ONLY) PRIOR YEAR EXPENDITURES A	0	0	0	0	228,900	228,900	0	403,494	0	403,494	632,394	632,394	632,394	3,835,278 \$	
INVENTORY/ ACCRUED UNEARNED (I REVENUE IULY 1, 2023 E)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	440,254 \$	
APPROVED GRANT I A AWARD AMOUNT JI	6,766	992'9	46,105	224,267	275,057	499,324	398,134	488,165	26,380	912,679	1,412,003	1,458,108	1,458,108	\$ 6,315,320 \$	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	A/A		N/A	241970	231970		241960	231960	240910-2024						
FEDERAL ALN	93.778		10.555	10.553	10.553		10.555	10.555	10.555						
FEDERAL GRANTOR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	U.S Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Mecosta-Osceola Intermediate School District (I.S.D) Medicald Cluster Medical Assistance Program	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	U.S Department of Agriculture Passed Through Michigan Department of Education (M.D.E.) Child Nutrition Cluster Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities): Entitlement Commodities	Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program	School Breakfast Program	Total School Breakfast Program	National School Lunch Program	National School Lunch Program	National School Lunch Program - Supply Chain Assistance	Total National School Lunch	Total Cash Assistance	Total Child Nutrition Cluster	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	Total Federal Financial Assistance	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(A) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards ('the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Evart Public Schools under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Evart Public Schools, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Evart Public Schools.

The District qualifies for low-risk auditee status. Management has utilized the NexSys, Cash Management System, and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

(B) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. The District does not pass through federal funds to sub recipients. Evart Public Schools has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(C) Reconciliation With Audited Financial Statements

Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements at June 30, 2024:

General Fund	\$ 1,443,011
Food Service Fund	 825,714
Total federal revenue in the fund financial statements	\$ 2,268,725
Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 2,268,725

(D) Reconciliation of Grant Auditor Report (GAR) with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Current Cash Payments per Cash Management System (CMS)		\$ 1,807,689
Add Items Not on CMS Report:		
Food Distribution Program - Entitlement and Bonus Commodities	\$ 46,105	
Medicaid Administrative Outreach	6,766	
Education for Homeless Children and Youths	1,934	
Timing Differences with 22-23 Awards	382,043	
Rounding	 (1)	 436,847
Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis) per	 	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 2,244,536

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Financial Statement Findings						
None						
	Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs					
None						

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	Χ	_No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	Х	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	Χ	_No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	Χ	_No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	Х	_None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?		Yes	Х	_No
Identification of Major Programs:				
ALN Number(s)	Name o	f Federal Pro	ogram o	or Cluster
10.553 & 10.555	Child Nutrit	ion Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under Title 2 CFR Section 200.520?	X	Yes		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section II - Financial Statement Findings							
None							
None							
	Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs						
None							